

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT  
2011  
RAYNHAM CENTER WATER DISTRICT  
*Public Water Supply #4245000*

PO BOX 160

RAYNHAM MA. 02767

COMMISSIONERS

John P. Lynn Jr. --- Chairman  
John A. Dolan  
Frank Cabral Jr.

SUPERINTENDENT

William M. Ward

GENERAL INFORMATION

The main sources of drinking water for the Raynham Center Water District are gravel packed wells located within various areas of the district.

High levels of iron and manganese are removed at all well sites. Three filter plants are capable of treating 4 million gallons per day. Once the iron and manganese has been removed the water is also chlorinated to prevent contamination. The pH is then adjusted to approximately 7.5 to prevent corrosion in the water distribution system.

The Board of Water Commissioners meet on the second Monday of each month, at 6 PM in the Water District Office located at 280 Pleasant Street. These meetings are open to the public and residents are encouraged to attend.

The day to day operations are overseen by the superintendent, William M. Ward. He can be reached at 508-824-0020 during regular business hours. If you have any questions about the content of this report, or any other questions or comments, please feel free to contact him at the district office.

The *Source Water Assessment and Protection (SWAP)* report is available at the district office. This report assesses the susceptibility of our wells due to potential contamination by microbiological pathogens and chemicals. The overall susceptibility to contamination was rated as high due to the fact there is filling station located in the Gushee Pond-Lake Nip Zone II area.

WATER QUALITY INFORMATION

*The Raynham Center Water District* is committed to supplying you with safe, clean, dependable drinking water 24 hours per day, 365 days per year. The Raynham Center Water District met all federal and state requirements for water quality in the year 2011. If you have any suggestions or complaints, or would like to discuss anything pertaining to the water district please call the office at 508-824-0020.

*Some people may be more vulnerable* to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers.

*If present*, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Raynham Center Water District is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

*Drinking water, including bottled water*, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water is unsafe. Call EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline @ 1-800-426-4791 for more information about contaminants and potential health effects.

*The sources of drinking water* (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals and human activity.

*Contaminants* that may be present in source water before treatment include; *microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.

*Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.

*Pesticides and herbicides*, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential uses. Radioactive contaminants are naturally occurring

**Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

**Radioactive contaminants**, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

**In order to insure that tap water is safe to drink**, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. We treat our water according to EPA regulations. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health.

### Cross Connections

A **cross connection** is a connection between a drinking water pipe and a polluted source. The pollution can come from your own home. For instance, you're going to spray fertilizer on your lawn. You hook up your hose to the sprayer that contains the fertilizer. If the water pressure drops (say because of the use of a fire hydrant) when the hose is connected to the fertilizer, the fertilizer may be sucked back into the drinking water pipes through the hose attachment. Using an attachment on your hose called a backflow-prevention device can prevent this problem.

The Raynham Center Water District recommends the installation of backflow prevention devices, such as low cost hose bib vacuum breaker, for all inside and outside hose connections. You can purchase these at a plumbing supply store or hardware store.

For additional information on cross connections and on the status of the districts cross connection control program please contact Bruce Ellis Jr. at the district office.

#### WATER SAMPLING RESULTS 2011

Volatile Organics	Highest Result	MCL	Detection Limit	Range Detected	Violations	MCLG	Typical Source of Contamination
TTHM'S Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	8.4	80	.5	5.2—8.4	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Halocetic Acids (ppm)	Nd	60	.5	Nd	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chloroform (ppb)	49.3		.5	0---49.3	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Bromodichloromethane (ppb)	36.8		.5	0--36.8	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Bromoform (ppb)	1.3		.5	0---1.3	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorodibromomethane (ppb)	11.4		.5	0--11.4	N		By-product of drinking water chlorination

#### Sodium

Lake Nip-Gushee Pond N Main St. (ppm)	75	Na		50.4-75.0	N		Erosion of natural deposits and run off
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#### Nitrates

Gushee, Lake Nip (ppm) N Main St.	.81	10	.5	.26--.81	N	10	Fertilizer run off
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#### PCE'S

Tetrachloroethylene (ppb)	1.4	5	.5	Nd--1.4	N	10	Vinyl lining in older water mains
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#### Disinfectants

Quarterly Ave

Total chlorine (ppm)	.085			.01--.38	N	4	Chlorination of water supply
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#### Lead and Copper

	AL	MCLG	90 <sup>th</sup> percentile	sites above AL	# samples	Violation	
Lead (ppb)	15	0	.003	0	20	N	Household plumbing
Copper (ppm)	1.3	1.3	.250	0	20	N	Household plumbing

#### Terms and Abbreviations

**Ppb**...parts per billion or micrograms per liter

**Nd**... None detected

**Ppm**...Parts per million

**MCL**...Maximum containment level. The highest allowable level

**Mclg**...Maximum containment level goal. The level of a contaminant below which there is no known health risk.

**AL**...Action level. The concentration of a contaminant which when exceeded triggers treatment or other requirements.

**MRDL---Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level**-The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants (ex. Chlorine, chloramines, chlorine dioxide)

**MRDLG---Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal**---The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

The Raynham Center Water District is committed to helping all users lessen their water usage. If you believe your water usage is too high the district will perform free leak detection surveys at the homeowners or businesses request. Please contact the water office at 508-824-0020 during regular business hours.

### **New Metering System**

The water district is currently in the process of installing new electronically read meters in all of its residential customer's homes. With this new system it is not necessary to enter the dwelling to obtain the reading. All the meter reader has to do is walk by the property and the hand held recorder will electronically receive the reading. This is much more accurate and much less time consuming as the readings are then automatically downloaded onto the billing software. This system also eliminates any data entry errors and also minimizes any inconvenience to the customer. If you are interested in receiving a new meter please call the office to schedule an appointment.

### **Sprinkling Restrictions**

**Beginning May 1, 2012**

ODD-EVEN SPRINKLING RESTRICTIONS  
ODD numbered residences on ODD calendar days  
EVEN numbered residences on EVEN calendar days

**Restrictions run to September 30, 2012**